





# Maintenance must be a periodic routine and

# emission control must become part of maintenance

- → Guarantees emission stability
- > Preserves the engine in optimum condition
- → Reduces overall costs

(by preventive repair, avoidance of operation interruptions...)





#### **Emission stability of Diesel Engines**

Classic diesel engines without aftertreatment:

Deterioration by aging, wear etc. is limited:

► emissions + 20 - 50%

Diesel engines with aftertreatment:

Deterioration by aging, poisoning, manipulation, failures etc.

**▶** emissions + 2 ÷ 3 orders of magnitude





# **Technical Requirements**

- The vehicles are equipped with certified filters  $(\eta > 97\%)$  and wireless dataloggers
- Certified PN\*) (plus CO) measurement devices, portable, low cost and highly sensitive are available
- The obligation for periodical maintenance of emission relevant components, particle emission checks and documentation is defined by a mandatory regulation
- \*) PN = Particulate Number





#### Potential of PN-Measurement

- > Fast, handheld, accurate PN-measurement for:
  - Fleet maintenance and control
  - Roadside measurement
  - Official periodic emission checks

#### allow

- to verify filter efficency
- to detect small repairable DPF defects
- may indicate the need for filter exchange
- to detect engine malfunctions





# **Portable Particle Emission Analyser**

Condensation nucleus counter by TSI - NPET







Diffusion charging by TESTO - PEPA

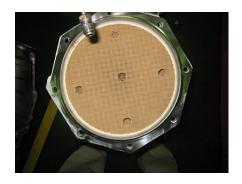


#### **ETH** zürich

# Can small failures be detected by PN at low idle?



1 hole (0.5%)



5 holes (2.7%)



17 holes (9.3%)



41 holes(22.5%)



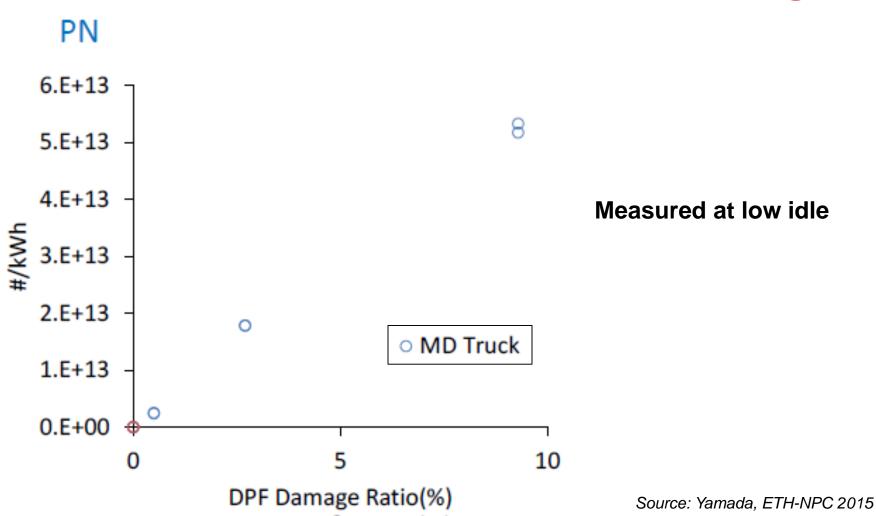
Completely (100%)

Source: Yamada, ETH-NPC 2015





# PN Increase vs. DPF Damage







# **I&M Organization**

#### Run by:

**Test-only-stations** 

- Authorities

- Authorized private organizations

**Test+repair-stations/shops** 

- Private workshops

- Users/fleet owners

**Supervision on-road/on-sites** Authorities

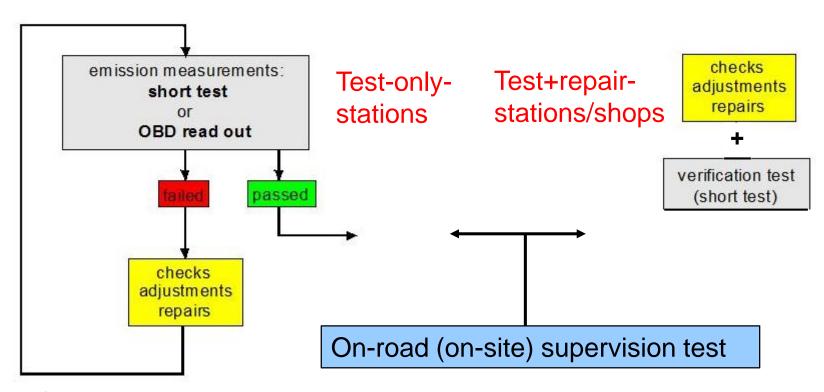




## **General I&M Strategies**

EFFECTIVENESS TEST OF EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

PERIODIC EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE







# Regular Inspection – Inspection Scope



- Identification of the vehicle
- Measurement of PN at low idle (end pipe)
  - PN < 100'000/cc
- → filter system OK
- -PN > 1'000'000/cc
- → filter or engine failure
- The operator of the vehicle is obligated to a regular engine and filter system maintenance procedure and a retest by an authorized institution in case of a PN emission above a given limit





#### **Maintenance of Emission Relevant Components: Procedure**

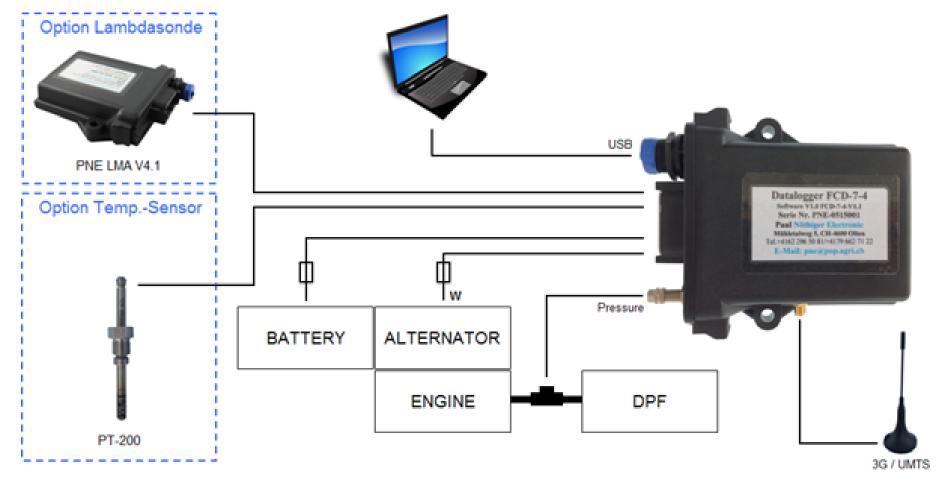


- Visual Checks: tightness of all systems
  - oil and soot deposits in the exhaust pipe
  - signs of overheating of the filter housing
- *Maintenance* of engine, filter system and crank case ventilation (in case of a closed version), corresponding to the instructions of the manufacturer
- Data analysis (wireless datalogger), e.g.:
  - too high backpressures (when and where on the route)
  - temperatures (e.g. low idle phases)
- **Cleaning of filter** if necessary, → the cleaned filter has to be checked by a PN measurement at low idle (end pipe)





#### Filter Monitoring System (FMS): Elements



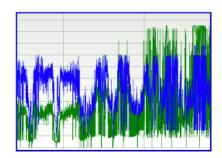
Source: Paul Nöthiger Electronic

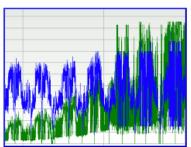




#### **Evaluation**

- Statistics of DPF and vehicle operation
- Separation of operating hours and idle time
- Real time display and stored data analysis
- Trends of temperature and back pressure (normal, unusual)
- Comparison of vehicles and filters
- Prediction for filter cleaning and other maintenance needs





Source: Paul Nöthiger Electronic





#### Store Data

- On-board memory
- Server database
- Download data from memory: (password protected)
  - local: USB, WLAN, Bluetooth
  - remote: GSM (GPRS)

**GSM** = General System for Mobile Communication

Source: Paul Nöthiger Electronic







#### **Maintenance of Emission Relevant Components:** Procedure (cont.)

- Determination of filter efficiency
  - ▶ If the efficiency is below 90% and the PN emission is above the allowed limit:



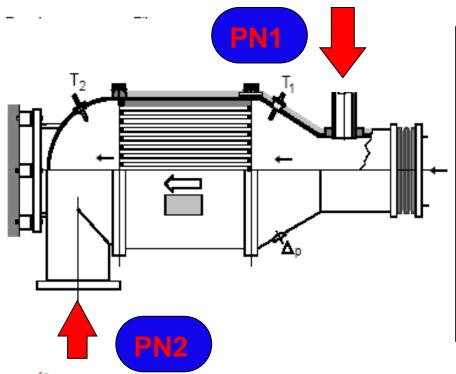
- **Visual check** of the filter for damages (if less than 10%: → repair, otherwise replacement)
- If a **bad engine condition** is assumed: measurement of PN or opacity before filter at free acceleration and determination of the k-value, ev. oil analysis
- **DOC** (CRT systems): CO conversion measurement: If necessary, cleaning of DOC or replacement
- **Confirmation** in the inspection document





# **Determination of Filter Efficiency**

The filter masks the engine. Measurement upstream and downstream is needed to get information about engine raw emission and filter efficiency



PN1 before the filter determines the emission status of the engine itself, eventual failures, leakages, deterioration, aging

Filtration efficiency:

 $\eta = (PN1-PN2)/PN1\cdot100$  [%]



# Repair Small Failures by **Ceramic Cement**

W.Haldenwanger

Technische Keramik GmbH

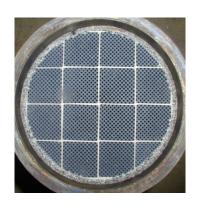
**Teplitzer Strasse 27** 

D-84478 Waldkraiburg

WH Feuerfestkitt Teil A und B

www.haldenwanger.de





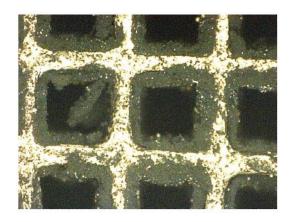


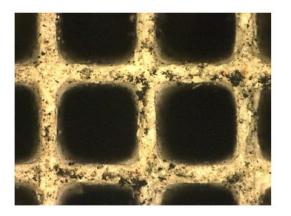


# **DOC Light-off Testing**

DOC might be covered by soot, poisoned, destroyed, aged or just not adequately coated



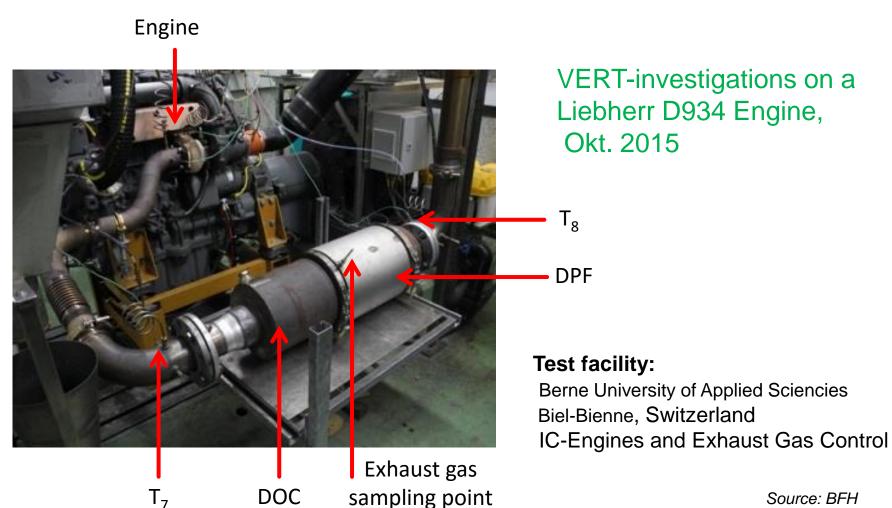








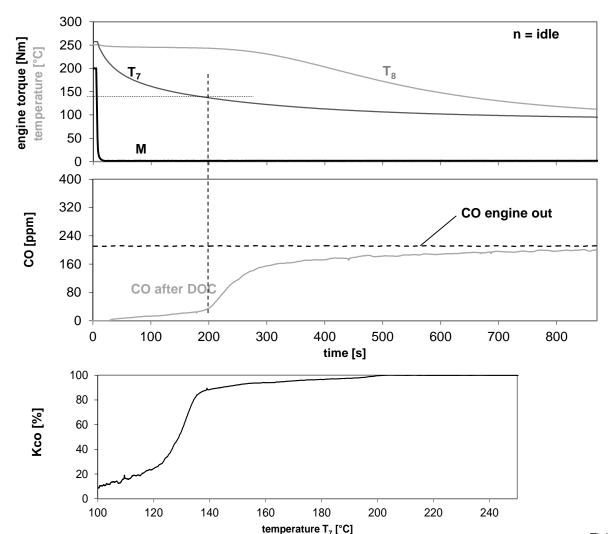
# **DOC Light-off Testing**







#### **DOC Light-off Test During Cooling down at Idle**







# **Supervision Test – On-road / On-site**



- Identification of the vehicle
- Measurement of PN at low idle (end pipe)
- If the limit of e.g. 100'000 #/cm<sup>3</sup> is exceeded:
  - ▶ then the operator of the vehicle is obliged to a regular engine and DPF system maintenance procedure and a retest by an authorized institution







#### **On-road Check**

Santiago de Chile, **July 2015** 

**Equipment: TSI-NPET** 





#### Individual Documentation

#### **Content:**

- Vehicle main data
- Filter main data, fitting date
- Datalogger
- Engine main data:
  - ·low idle speed
  - ·PN before and after filter at low idle speed
- rubrics for inspection confirmations





## **CH Inspection Document**

#### ABGAS-WARTUNGSDOKUMENT

FICHE D'ENTRETIEN DU SYSTÈME ANTIPOLLUTION

DOCUMENTO SULLA MANUTENZIONE RELATIVA AI GAS DI SCARICO

#### Diesel

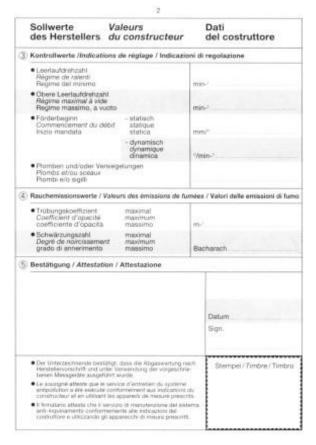
Musa stets im Fahrzeug mitgeführt werden. Doi't toujours rester dans le withicule Il presente documento deve sempre accompagnare il veicolo



Gesetzliche Vorschriften auf Seite 6 und 7 Voir prescriptions régales aux pages 6 et 7 Prescrizioni legali, vedere pagine 6 e 7

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#### **Conclusions**

#### The instruments are ready:

- PN-measurements at low idle for DPF and engine control
- Filter monitoring with remote control (datalogging)
- DOC-conversion activity control is in the test phase (CRT systems)

#### For the implementation of a consistent I&M strategy

- Regulations are needed
- Periodic independent checks are needed
- A documentation is needed (emission document on-board)





# Inspecting vehicles does not reduce pollution, MAINTAINING / REPAIRING them does

Cliff Grove, Automotive Diagnostics, SPX Corporation, USA 1996

